

**learnturkishnow.co.uk                      Lesson 6 - Visual aid material**

**Part one : Locative (locational) suffix**



Hans Berlin'de



O Londra'da

O Londra'da

The locational suffix -de or -da indicates the presence of someone or something in or at a particular place. Where the noun is a proper noun (name of a person, city, country etc) an apostrophe is used between the noun and suffix. In these examples the name is a proper noun (a city name) so the apostrophe is used between the proper noun and the suffix ending.

We are using the same principles of vowel harmony as we used to make plurals:

The vowels split into two groups thus:

	Verb	Suffix
1	a            ı            o            u	+ <b>da</b>
2	e            i            ö            ü	+ <b>de</b>

**So :-**

- |                    |                   |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| (1) Meksika' _____ | (4) Çin_____      |
| (2) İsrail' _____  | (5) İngiltere____ |
| (3) Rusya' _____   | (6) Almanya____   |

**But !!!!!/Ama!!!!!!**



O Paris'te



Andrew New York'ta

**Part Two : Strong consonants..**



f s t k ç ş h p

**These consonants are so strong that when they end a word the “d” of the suffix is changed to a “t” so we add -te (instead of –de) and –ta (instead of –da).**

**Part three : Odalar.**



Birinci Resim



İkinci Resim



Üçüncü Resim



Dördüncü Resim



Beşinci Resim



Altıncı Resim



Yedinci Resim

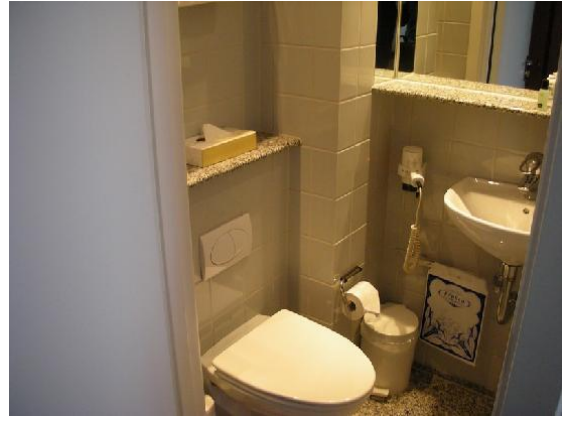


Sekizinci Resim





Dokuzuncu Resim



Onuncu Resim



Onbirinci Resim



Onikinci Resim

## Part four : Peter mutfakta



Peter



Sarah





Ayse



Deniz



Mehmet



**Part five : Saat birde**

